



RS03.1 – Natural environment, resources and rural development

## Exploring the potential of LandTrendr for stand age estimation in Portuguese Eucalyptus forest

André Duarte  
June 27th, 2024



PART OF  
THE NAVIGATOR  
COMPANY



# Exploring the potential of LandTrendr for stand age estimation in Portuguese Eucalyptus forest

André Duarte<sup>(1,2,3)</sup>, Luís Acevedo-Muñoz<sup>(1)</sup>, João Freire<sup>(3)</sup>, Joel Duarte<sup>(1)</sup>, Jonas Salvador<sup>(1)</sup>, Sérgio Fabres<sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> RAIZ—Forest and Paper Research Institute, Portugal

<sup>(2)</sup> NOVA Information Management School, NOVA Lisbon University, Portugal

<sup>(3)</sup> Polytechnic Institute of Coimbra, Coimbra Agriculture School, Portugal

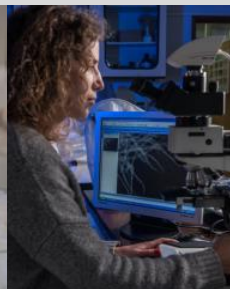


# RAIZ



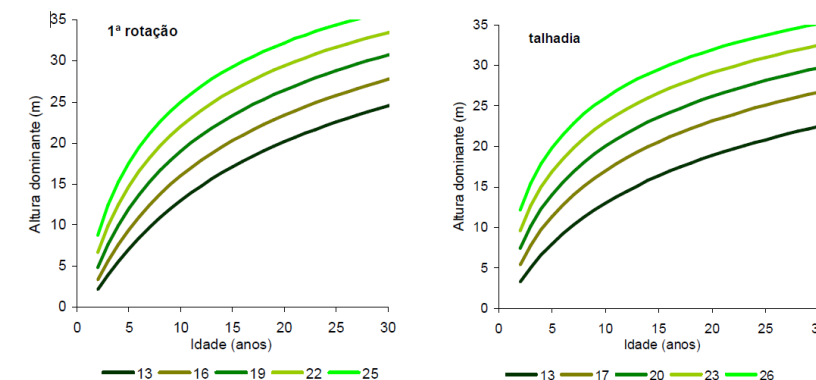
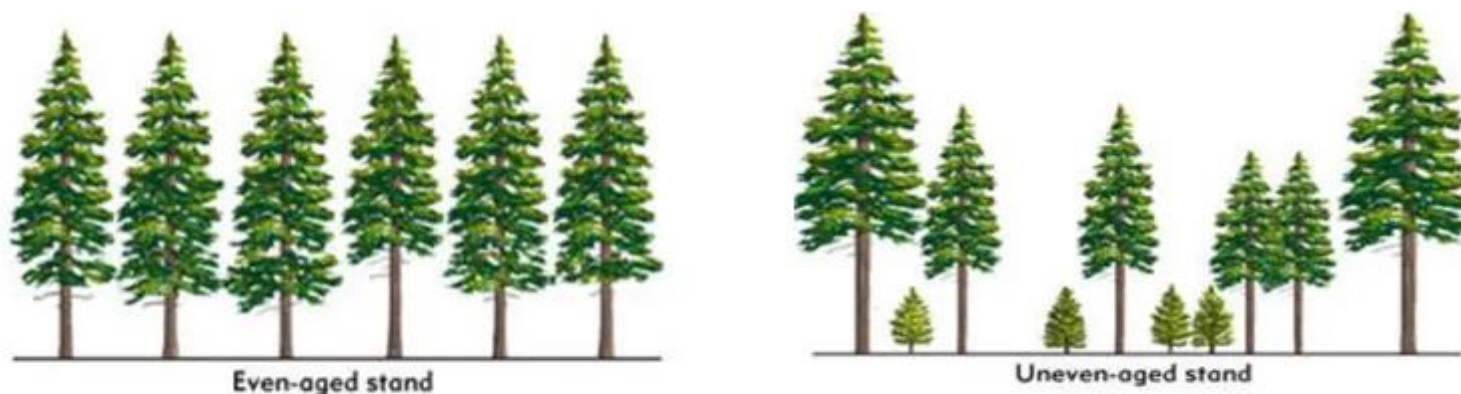
**Forest and Paper Research Institute**

*science boosting a cutting-edge forest bioeconomy*



# Forest Age

- ✓ Forest age is critical for informing effective forest management
- ✓ Regional and National Forest Inventory programs
- ✓ Predicting site index and mean annual increment
- ✓ Important predictor of forest carbon sequestration, ecosystem services, fire management, fire behavior modeling, volume, wildlife habitat...



Source: <https://forestrypedia.com/even-aged-forests-vs-uneven-aged-forests/>

Source: Tomé et al. (2001)

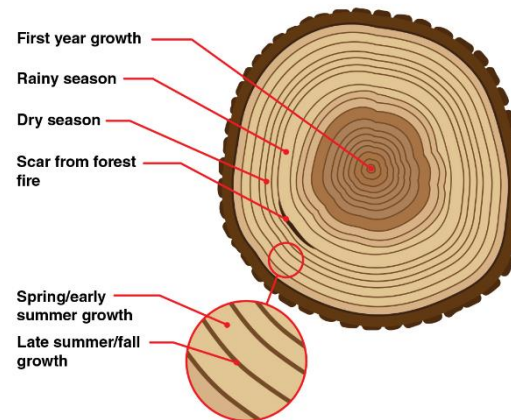


# How to measure?

- ✓ Planting or seeding records
- ✓ by observation
- ✓ counting the whorls
- ✓ samples collected with the increment borer
- ✓ the complete analysis of the trunk of felled trees.



Source:  
<https://www.montana.edu/extension/forestry/publications/>



Source: <https://climate.nasa.gov/>



# *Satellite-based Remote Sensing*

---



- ✓ **Satellite-based Remote Sensing provide a low-cost and informative solutions**
- ✓ **Computer or cloud computing power**
- ✓ **Free and open access of dense Landsat archive (1972-until now) (Copernicus program as well 2017 – until now)**
- ✓ **Integration with field data at different levels (up-scaling)**
- ✓ **Prototype fine grained estimates of forest age over large spatial extents**
- ✓ **Powerful temporal segmentation models (LandTrendr, CCDC, VCT, BFAST...)**

# Context and main goal

---



- ✓ PRR Transform WP1: Gestão de Florestas Resilientes, Sub-projeto 1.5: Dados de deteção remota para a gestão florestal
- ✓ Atividade 2, Tarefa 1: Mapas de classes de Idade estimadas para Eucalipto-comum e Pinheiro-bravo

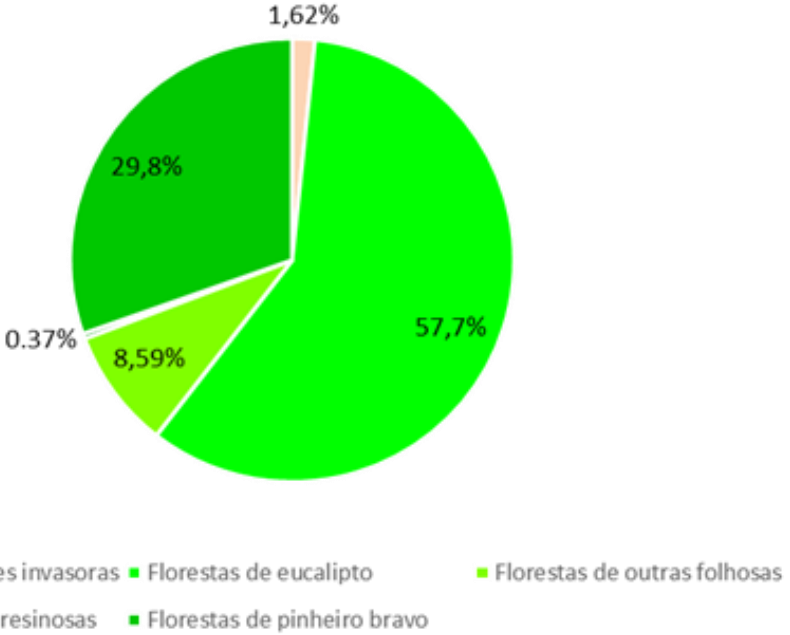
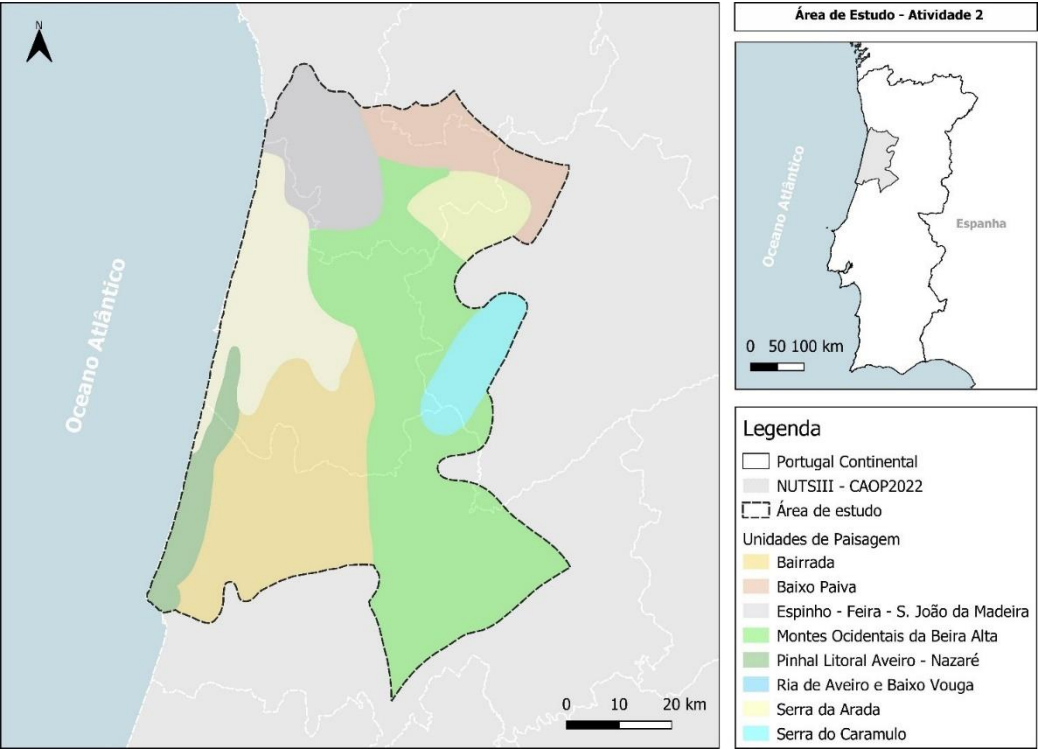


Transformação digital do setor florestal  
para uma economia resiliente e hipocarbónica  
Agenda for the digital transformation of the forest sector  
in a resilient, low-carbon economy

## Main goal of this work:

*Eucalyptus globulus* forest age mapping using LandTrendr

# Methodology – Study area and data collection



✓ Data collection:

The Navigator Company cadaster  
Forest Age based on plantation records and observation → Validation data

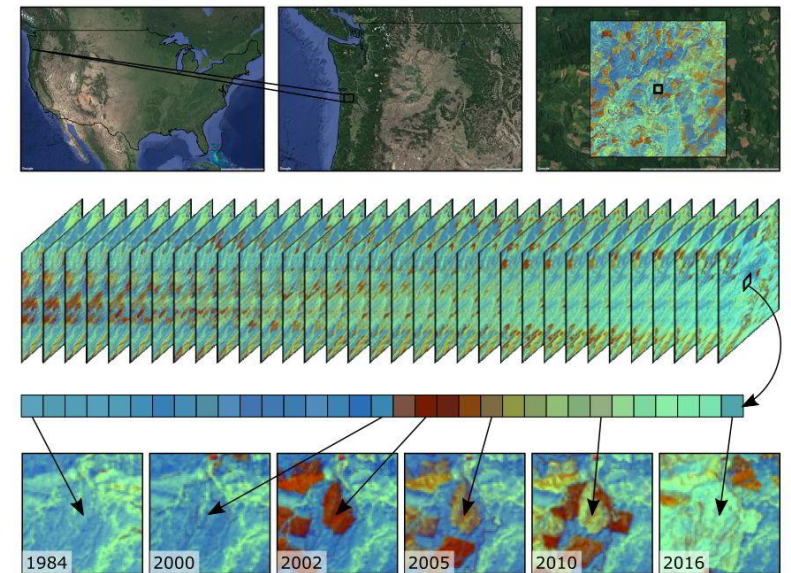
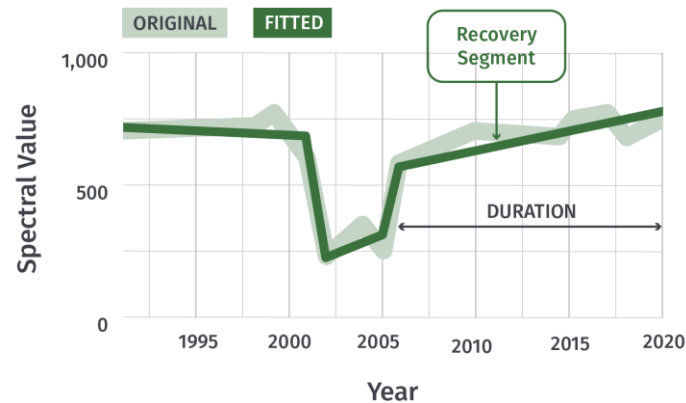
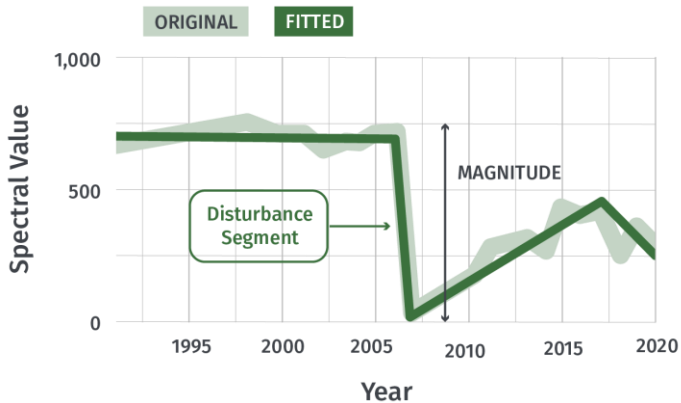
# Methodology – LandTrendr



## LandTrendr - Landsat-based Detection of Trends in Disturbance and Recovery



Spectra-temporal trajectory of the pixel's images through a defined temporal window, performing a temporal segmentation and identifying break points in the reflectance values of the bands or of the vegetation index, and in turn, detecting changes.

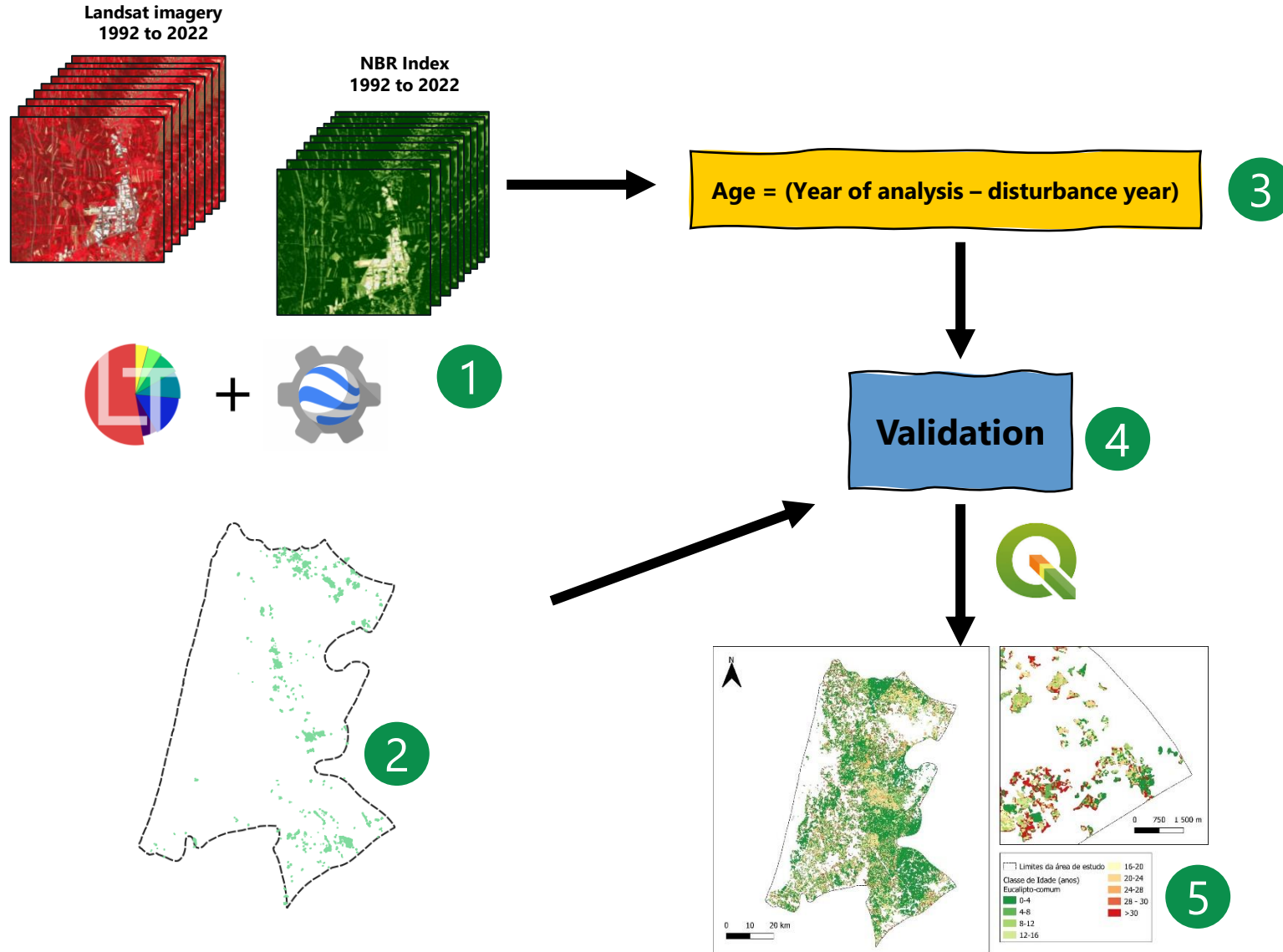


Source: [https://openmrv.org/web/guest/w/modules/mrv/modules\\_2/landtrendr](https://openmrv.org/web/guest/w/modules/mrv/modules_2/landtrendr) and Kennedy et al. (2010)

Source: <https://emapr.github.io/LT-GEE/landtrendr.html>

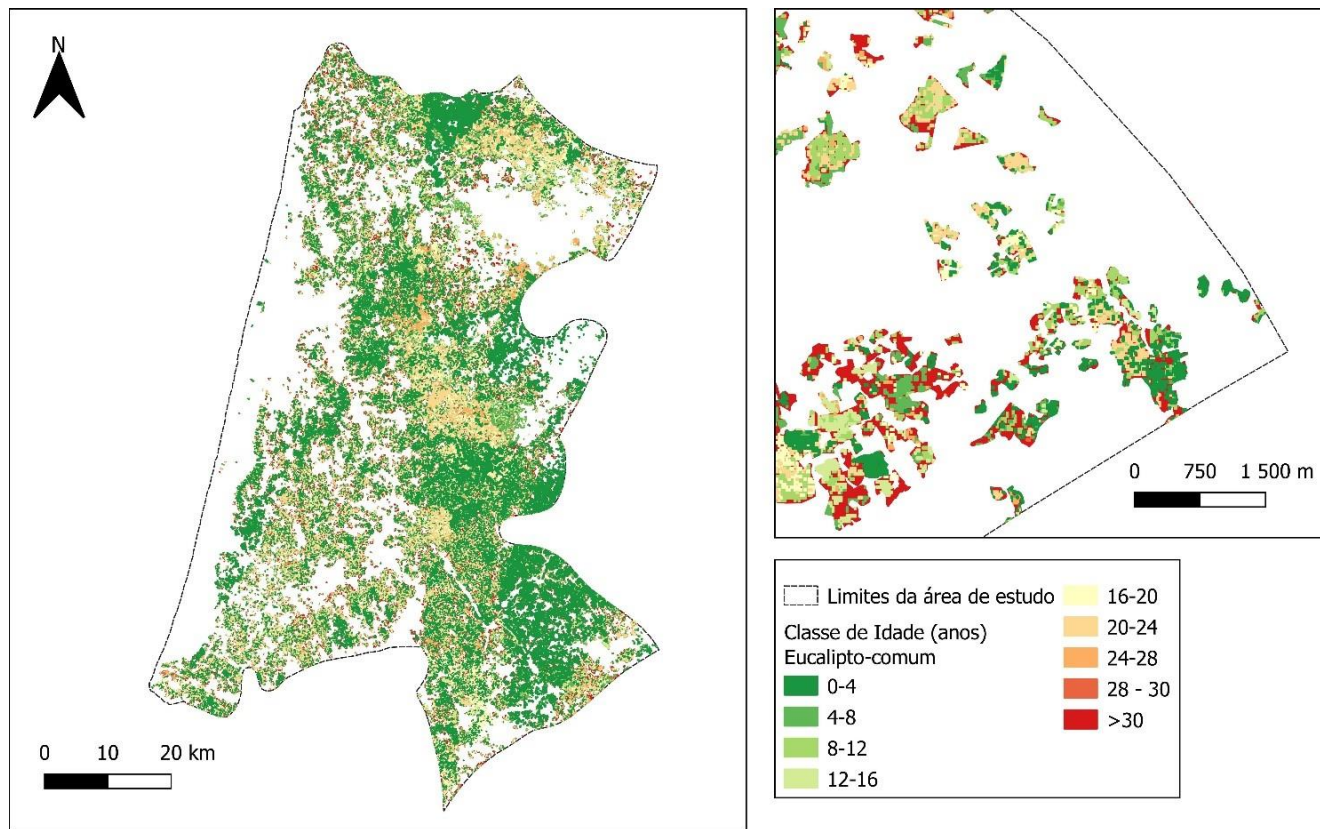


# Methodology – Forest Age Estimation



- 1** LandTrend Algorithm Analysis using NBR Index between 1992 to 2022. 8 control parameters that adjust how spectral-temporal segmentation is done, and the annual image collection. Some modified LandTrendr Parameters:
  - recoveryThreshold: 0.75
  - pvalThreshold: 0.05
  - preval:>200
- 2** The Navigator Company plantation records
- 3** Age estimation based on difference between the reference year (2022) and the disturbance year obtained by LandTrendr vegetation change maps.
- 4** Cross tabulation between the 3rd step and age data stored (Mean absolute Deviation - MAD)
- 5** Final Map of Eucalyptus forest Age

# Experimental results



Forest Age Classes (years)	Area (ha)	Area (%)
0-4	28430.39	14.15
4-8	26649.66	13.27
8-12	19847.84	9.88
12-16	12643.14	6.29
16-20	11230.64	5.59
20-24	7859.32	3.91
24-28	7581.48	3.77
28 - 30	1422.97	0.71
>30	85200.91	42.42
	<b>200866.4</b>	<b>100</b>

Specie	Mean absolute deviation (MAD)	Mean deviation (MD)
<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	3.92	-1.14

# Conclusions

---



- ✓ Overall bias of 3,92 years for eucalyptus forest age
- ✓ The main limitation is the spatial resolution of the satellite imagery
- ✓ This region is characterized by a smallholding ownership forest landscape.
- ✓ Usual delays between the tree felling and the subsequent forest plantation.

## Future improvements

- ✓ Further improvements will include hyperparameter tuning and applying other disturbance approach algorithms such as CCDC, VCT, Bfast monitor.

Thank you! Visit us... <http://raiz-iifp.pt/visite-nos/>



<https://www.e-globulus.pt/>



<https://florestadosaber.pt/wp/>

Funded by:



**Transformação digital do setor florestal  
para uma economia resiliente e hipocarbónica**

Agenda for the digital transformation of the forest sector  
in a resilient, low-carbon economy

